

CHURCH HISTORY

Lesson 13 – Modern Era (1900 to 1960 A.D.)

The early 1900's saw multiple world conflicts and a number of religious movements and the rise of a new state religion.

A. Background/Major Events

1. What impact did the Great Depression (1929 to 1939) have on religion in America according to <http://www.christianitytoday.com/gleanings/2008/october/jesus-and-great-depression.html>?

2. What impact did World War II (1941 to 1945) have on religion in America according to <http://religionnews.com/2014/12/11/1940s-america-wasnt-religious-think-rise-fall-american-religion/>?

B. Authority

1. What is "Catholic Modernism"? What response, if any, do you see in the decisions made at the Second Vatican Council (1962 to 1965)?

2. What new state religious authority was introduced by Karl Marx (1818 to 1883) and Vladimir Lenin (1870 to 1924) according to https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Marxism_and_religion?

3. What is the "Social Gospel" according to https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Social_Gospel?

4. What is "Secular Humanism"?

C. For each of the following religious groups, summarize their origin, any significant teaching in the doctrinal areas of Lesson 9 question B., and any other distinctive doctrines.

1. Charles Parham (1873 to 1929), the Azusa Street Revival (1906 to 1913), and Pentecostalism

D. Divisions/Conflicts

1. What is the "Ecumenical Movement"?

2. What is the "Community Church Movement"?

3. What was the subject of the Scope's Monkey Trial (1925)?